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Wide Temperature Range Version 16 M SRAM (1-Mword × 16-bit / 2-Mword × 8-bit)

> REJ03C0195-0101 Rev.1.01 Nov.18.2004

#### **Description**

The R1LV1616H-I Series is 16-Mbit static RAM organized 1-Mword  $\times$  16-bit / 2-Mword  $\times$  8-bit. R1LV1616H-I Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing CMOS process technology (6-transistor memory cell). It offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is packaged in 48-pin plastic TSOPI for high density surface mounting.

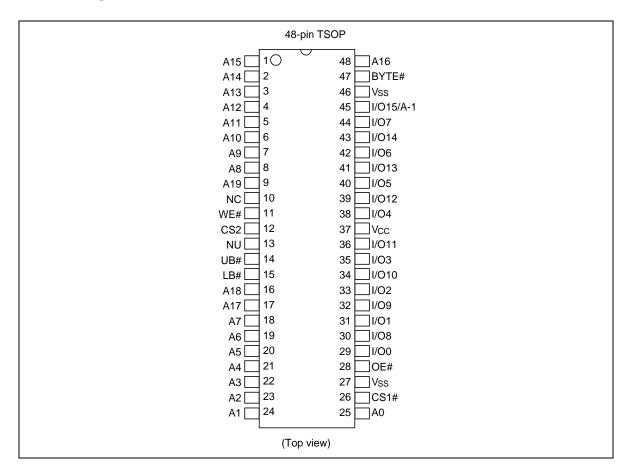
#### **Features**

- Single 3.0 V supply: 2.7 V to 3.6 VFast access time: 45/55 ns (max)
- Power dissipation:
  - Active: 9 mW/MHz (typ)
  - Standby:  $1.5 \mu W \text{ (typ)}$
- Completely static memory.
  - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
  - Three state output
- Battery backup operation.
  - 2 chip selection for battery backup
- Temperature range: -40 to +85°C
- Byte function (×8 mode) available by BYTE# & A-1.

# **Ordering Information**

Type No.	Access time	Package
R1LV1616HSA-4LI	45 ns	48-pin plastic TSOPI (48P3R-B)
R1LV1616HSA-4SI	45 ns	
R1LV1616HSA-5SI	55 ns	

#### **Pin Arrangement**

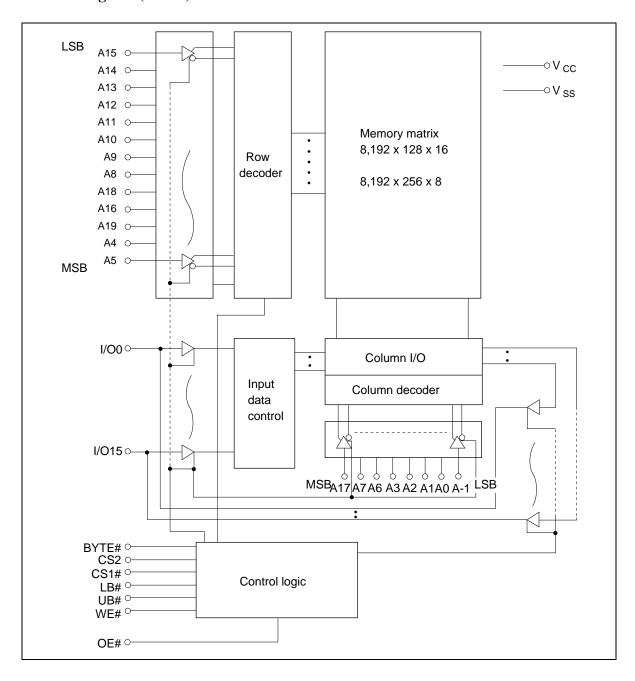


## **Pin Description** (TSOP)

Pin name	Function
A0 to A19	Address input (word mode)
A-1 to A19	Address input (byte mode)
I/O0 to I/O15	Data input/output
CS1# (CS1)	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE# (WE)	Write enable
OE# (OE)	Output enable
LB# (\overline{LB})	Lower byte select
UB# (UB)	Upper byte select
BYTE# (BYTE)	Byte enable
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
NC	No connection
NU*1	Not used (test mode pin)

Note: 1. This pin should be connected to a ground (V<sub>SS</sub>), or not be connected (open).

#### **Block Diagram (TSOP)**



### **Operation Table** (TSOP)

### Byte mode

CS1#	CS2	WE#	OE#	UB#	LB#	BYTE#	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O14	I/O15	Operation
Н	×	×	×	×	×	L	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	L	×	×	×	×	L	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	Н	L	×	×	L	Dout	High-Z	A-1	Read
L	Н	L	×	×	×	L	Din	High-Z	A-1	Write
L	Н	Н	Н	×	×	L	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note: H: V<sub>IH</sub>, L: V<sub>IL</sub>, ×: V<sub>IH</sub> or V<sub>IL</sub>

#### Word mode

CS1#	CS2	WE#	OE#	UB#	LB#	BYTE#	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O14	I/O15	Operation
Н	×	×	×	×	×	Н	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	L	×	×	×	×	Н	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	×	×	×	Н	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Н	Dout	Dout	Dout	Read
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Н	Dout	High-Z	High-Z	Lower byte read
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	High-Z	Dout	Dout	Upper byte read
L	Н	L	×	L	L	Н	Din	Din	Din	Write
L	Н	L	×	Н	L	Н	Din	High-Z	High-Z	Lower byte write
L	Н	L	×	L	Н	Н	High-Z	Din	Din	Upper byte write
L	Н	Н	Н	×	×	Н	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note: H: V<sub>IH</sub>, L: V<sub>IL</sub>, ×: V<sub>IH</sub> or V<sub>IL</sub>

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5 to +4.6	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3^{*2}$	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-40 to +85	°C

Notes: 1.  $V_T$  min: -2.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 10$  ns.

2. Maximum voltage is +4.6 V.

### **DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	
	V <sub>SS</sub>	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	$V_{IH}$	2.2	_	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0	.3 V	
Input low voltage	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	_	0.6	V	1
Ambient temperature range	Ta	-40	_	+85	°C	•

Note: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min: -2.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 10$  ns.

### **DC** Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions*2
Input leakage cui	rent	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$Vin = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$
Output leakage of	urrent	I <sub>LO</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$\begin{split} &CS1\# = V_{IH} \text{ or } CS2 = V_{IL} \text{ or} \\ &OE\# = V_{IH} \text{ or } WE\# = V_{IL} \text{ or} \\ &LB\# = UB\# = V_{IH}, \ V_{I/O} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC} \end{split}$
Operating curren	t	I <sub>CC</sub>	_	_	20	mA	$CS1\# = V_{IL}, CS2 = V_{IH},$ $Others = V_{IH}/V_{IL}, I_{I/O} = 0 \text{ mA}$
Average operation	g current	I <sub>CC1</sub> (READ)	_	22* <sup>1</sup>	35	mA	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Min. cycle, duty} = 100\%, \\ &\text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA, CS1\#} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \\ &\text{WE\#} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{Others} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}} \end{aligned}$
		I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	30* <sup>1</sup>	50	mA	Min. cycle, duty = 100%, $I_{I/O}$ = 0 mA, CS1# = $V_{IL}$ , CS2 = $V_{IH}$ , Others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$
		I <sub>CC2</sub> * <sup>3</sup> (READ)	_	3* <sup>1</sup>	8	mA	Cycle time = 70 ns, duty = 100%, $I_{I/O}$ = 0 mA, CS1# = $V_{IL}$ , CS2 = $V_{IH}$ , WE# = $V_{IH}$ , Others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$ Address increment scan or decrement scan
		I <sub>CC2</sub> * <sup>3</sup>	_	20* <sup>1</sup>	30	mA	Cycle time = 70 ns, duty = 100%, $I_{I/O}$ = 0 mA, CS1# = $V_{IL}$ , CS2 = $V_{IH}$ , Others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$ Address increment scan or decrement scan
		I <sub>CC3</sub>	_	3* <sup>1</sup>	8	mA	$\begin{split} & \text{Cycle time} = 1 \; \mu\text{s, duty} = 100\%, \\ & I_{I/O} = 0 \; \text{mA, CS1\#} \leq 0.2 \; \text{V,} \\ & \text{CS2} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \; \text{V} \\ & V_{IH} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \; \text{V, V}_{IL} \leq 0.2 \; \text{V} \end{split}$
Standby current		I <sub>SB</sub>	_	0.1* <sup>1</sup>	0.5	mA	CS2 = V <sub>IL</sub>
Standby current	-4SI -5SI	I <sub>SB1</sub>	_	0.5* <sup>1</sup>	8	μΑ	0 V $\leq$ Vin (1) 0 V $\leq$ CS2 $\leq$ 0.2 V or (2) CS1# $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V, CS2 $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V or
	-4LI	I <sub>SB1</sub>	_	0.5* <sup>1</sup>	25	μΑ	(3) LB# = UB# $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V, CS2 $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V, CS1# $\leq$ 0.2 V Average value
Output high volta	ge	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	_	_	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = −1 mA
		V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	2—	_	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA
Output low voltage	je	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	_	0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA
		V <sub>OL</sub>	_	_	0.2	V	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$

Notes: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $Ta = +25^{\circ}C$  and not guaranteed.

2. BYTE#  $\geq$   $V_{CC}-0.2$  V or BYTE#  $\leq 0.2$  V

 I<sub>CC2</sub> is the value measured while the valid address is increasing or decreasing by one bit. Word mode: LSB (least significant bit) is A0. Byte mode: LSB (least significant bit) is A-1.

### Capacitance

 $(Ta = +25^{\circ}C, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	Cin	_	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V	1
Input/output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_	_	10	pF	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V	1

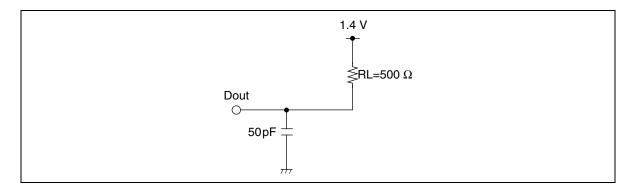
Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

#### **AC Characteristics**

(Ta = -40 to +85°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 2.7 V to 3.6 V, unless otherwise noted.)

#### **Test Conditions**

- Input pulse levels:  $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$
- Input rise and fall time: 5 ns
- Input and output timing reference levels: 1.4 V
- Output load: See figures (Including scope and jig)



## Read Cycle

#### R1LV1616H-I

		-4SI, -4LI		-5SI				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	_ Unit	Notes	
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	45	_	55	_	ns		
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>		45		55	ns		
Chip select access time	t <sub>ACS1</sub>	_	45	_	55	ns		
	t <sub>ACS2</sub>	_	45	_	55	ns		
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>OE</sub>	_	30	_	35	ns		
Output hold from address change	t <sub>OH</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns		
LB#, UB# access time	t <sub>BA</sub>	_	45	_	55	ns		
Chip select to output in low-Z	t <sub>CLZ1</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns	2, 3	
	t <sub>CLZ2</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns	2, 3	
LB#, UB# enable to low-Z	t <sub>BLZ</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2, 3	
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	5		5	_	ns	2, 3	
Chip deselect to output in high-Z	t <sub>CHZ1</sub>	0	20	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3	
	t <sub>CHZ2</sub>	0	20	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3	
LB#, UB# disable to high-Z	t <sub>BHZ</sub>	0	15	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3	
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	15	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3	

# Write Cycle

#### R1LV1616H-I

		-4SI, -	4LI	-5SI			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>WC</sub>	45	_	55	_	ns	
Address valid to end of write	t <sub>AW</sub>	45		50	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>CW</sub>	45	_	50	_	ns	5
Write pulse width	t <sub>WP</sub>	35		40		ns	4
LB#, UB# valid to end of write	t <sub>BW</sub>	45		50		ns	
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		0	_	ns	6
Write recovery time	t <sub>WR</sub>	0		0		ns	7
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	25		25		ns	
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0		0		ns	
Output active from end of write	t <sub>OW</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	15	0	20	ns	1, 2
Write to output in high-Z	t <sub>WHZ</sub>	0	15	0	20	ns	1, 2

#### **Byte Control**

R1	I١	<b>/1</b>	61	61	H-I

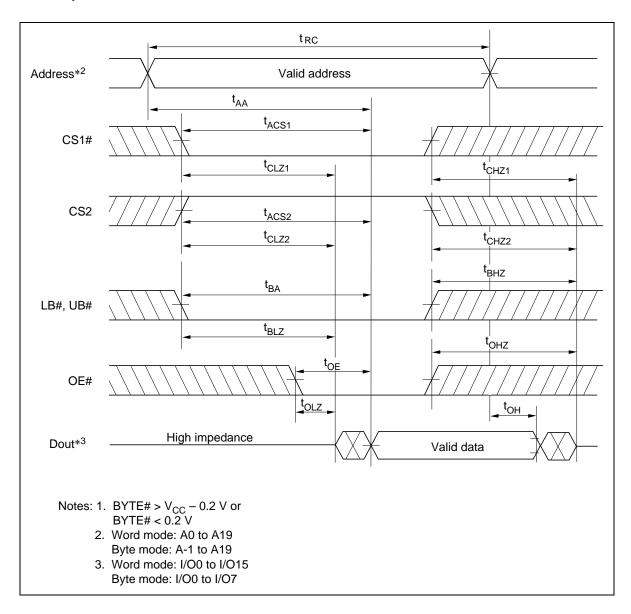
		-4SI, -4LI		-5SI		_		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes	
BYTE# setup time	t <sub>BS</sub>	5	_	5	_	ms		
BYTE# recovery time	t <sub>BR</sub>	5		5		ms		

Notes: 1. t<sub>CHZ</sub>, t<sub>OHZ</sub>, t<sub>WHZ</sub> and t<sub>BHZ</sub> are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

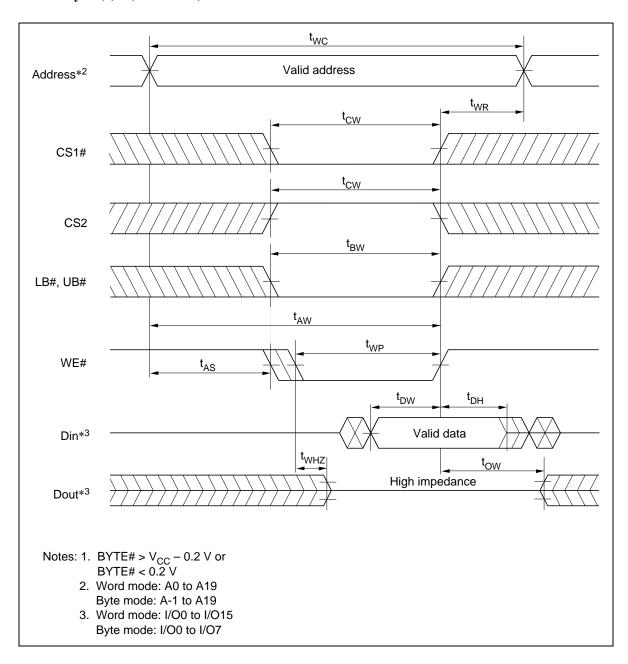
- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 3. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZ}$  max is less than  $t_{LZ}$  min both for a given device and from device to device.
- 4. A write occurs during the overlap of a low CS1#, a high CS2, a low WE# and a low LB# or a low UB#. A write begins at the latest transition among CS1# going low, CS2 going high, WE# going low and LB# going low or UB# going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among CS1# going high, CS2 going low, WE# going high and LB# going high or UB# going high. t<sub>WP</sub> is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 5. t<sub>CW</sub> is measured from the later of CS1# going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
- 6. t<sub>AS</sub> is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 7. t<sub>WR</sub> is measured from the earliest of CS1# or WE# going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.

#### **Timing Waveform**

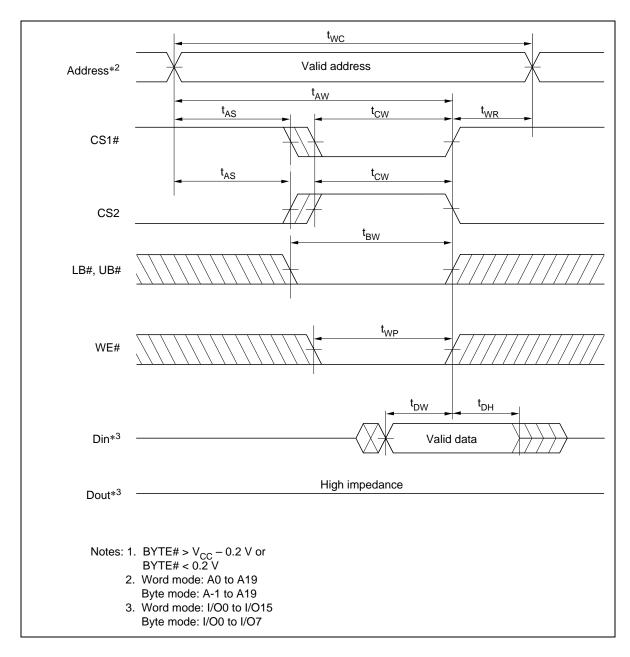
### Read Cycle\*1



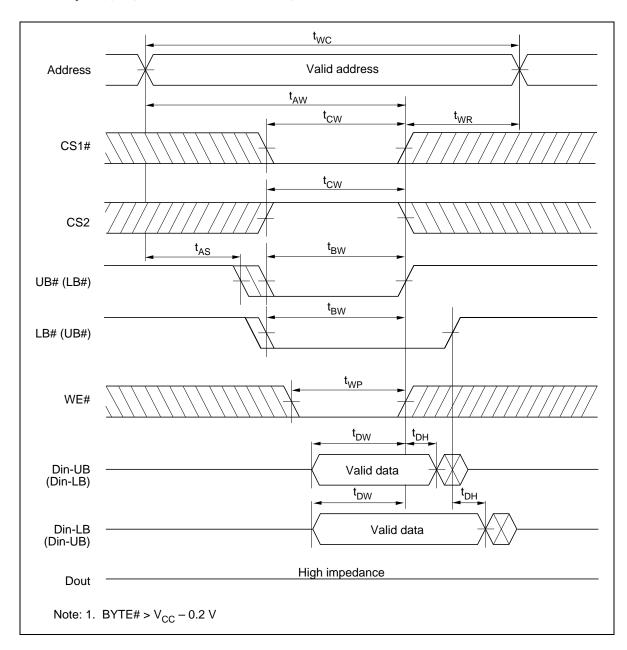
### Write Cycle (1)\*1 (WE# Clock)



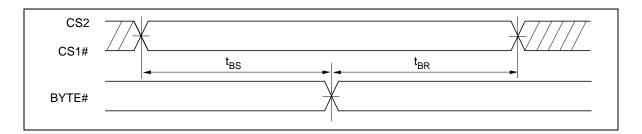
Write Cycle (2)\* $^{1}$  (CS1#, CS2 Clock, OE# =  $V_{IH}$ )



Write Cycle (3)\* $^{1}$  (LB#, UB# Clock, OE# =  $V_{IH}$ )



#### Byte Control (TSOP)



#### **Low V<sub>CC</sub> Data Retention Characteristics**

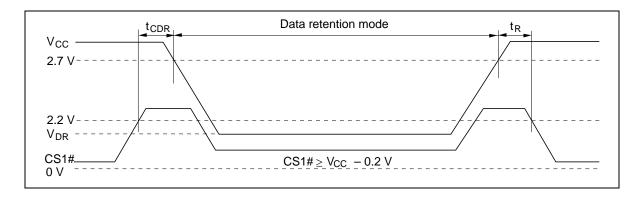
 $(Ta = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions* <sup>2, 3</sup>
V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention		$V_{DR}$	1.5		3.6	V	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Vin} \ge 0 \text{ V} \\ &\text{(1)} \ \ 0 \text{ V} \le \text{CS2} \le 0.2 \text{ V or} \\ &\text{(2)} \ \ \text{CS2} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{CS1\#} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V or} \\ &\text{(3)} \ \ \text{LB\#} = \text{UB\#} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{CS2} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{CS1\#} \le 0.2 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$
Data retention current	-4SI -5SI	I <sub>CCDR</sub>	_	0.5* <sup>1</sup>	8	μΑ	$\begin{split} &V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin } \ge 0 \text{ V} \\ &(1) \text{ 0 V} \le \text{CS2} \le 0.2 \text{ V or} \\ &(2) \text{ CS2} \ge \text{V}_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{CS1}\# \ge \text{V}_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or} \\ &(3) \text{ LB\#} = \text{UB\#} \ge \text{V}_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{CS2} \ge \text{V}_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{CS1\#} \le 0.2 \text{ V} \\ &\text{Average value} \end{split}$
	-4LI	I <sub>CCDR</sub>	_	0.5* <sup>1</sup>	25	μА	
Chip deselect to data retention time		t <sub>CDR</sub>	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveforms
Operation recovery time		t <sub>R</sub>	5		_	ms	

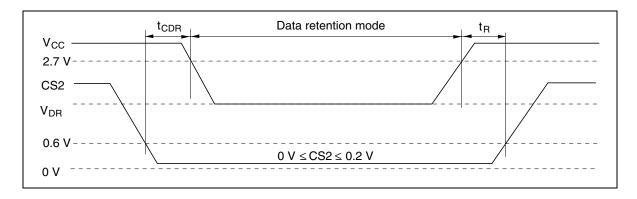
Notes: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and not guaranteed.

- 2. BYTE#  $\geq V_{CC} 0.2 \ V$  or BYTE#  $\leq 0.2 \ V$
- 3. CS2 controls address buffer, WE# buffer, CS1# buffer, OE# buffer, LB#, UB# buffer and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE#, OE#, CS1#, LB#, UB#, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If CS1# controls data retention mode, CS2 must be  $CS2 \ge V_{CC} 0.2 \text{ V}$  or  $0 \text{ V} \le CS2 \le 0.2 \text{ V}$ . The other input levels (address, WE#, OE#, LB#, UB#, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.

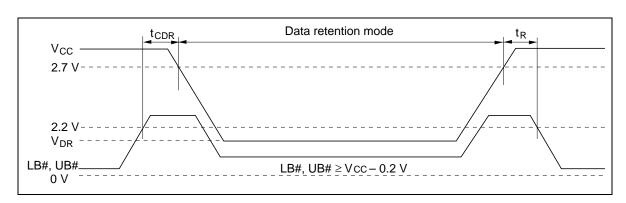
# $Low~V_{CC}~Data~Retention~Timing~Waveform~(1)~(CS1\#~Controlled)$



#### $Low\ V_{CC}\ Data\ Retention\ Timing\ Waveform\ (2)\ (CS2\ Controlled)$



### Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Timing Waveform (3) (LB#, UB# Controlled)



# **Revision History**

# **R1LV1616H-I Series Data Sheet**

Rev.	Date	Contents of Modification		
		Page	Description	
1.00	Apr. 22, 2004	_	Initial issue	
1.01	Nov. 18, 2004	_	Addition of 2-Mword $\times$ 8-bit function	

Renesas Technology Corp. Sales Strategic Planning Div. Nippon Bldg., 2-6-2, Ohte-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0004, Japan

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**Renesas Technology America, Inc.** 450 Holger Way, San Jose, CA 95134-1368, U.S.A Tel: <1> (408) 382-7500, Fax: <1> (408) 382-7501

Renesas Technology Europe Limited
Dukes Meadow, Millboard Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5FH, U.K. Tel: <44> (1628) 585-100, Fax: <44> (1628) 585-900

Renesas Technology Hong Kong Ltd.
7th Floor, North Tower, World Finance Centre, Harbour City, 1 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong Tel: <852> 2265-6688, Fax: <852> 2730-6071

**Renesas Technology Taiwan Co., Ltd.** 10th Floor, No.99, Fushing North Road, Taipei, Taiwan Tel: <886> (2) 2715-2888, Fax: <886> (2) 2713-2999

Renesas Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Unit2607 Ruijing Building, No.205 Maoming Road (S), Shanghai 200020, China Tel: <86> (21) 6472-1001, Fax: <86> (21) 6415-2952

Renesas Technology Singapore Pte. Ltd.
1 Harbour Front Avenue, #06-10, Keppel Bay Tower, Singapore 098632 Tel: <65> 6213-0200, Fax: <65> 6278-8001